

Intel® Software Guard Extensions (Intel® SGX) Data Center Attestation Primitives: ECDSA Quote Library API

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*Intel® Software Guard Extensions (Intel® SGX) Data Center Attestation Primitives: ECDSA
Quote Library API*

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1. Introduction

Attestation is a process of demonstrating that a software executable has been properly instantiated on a platform. The Intel® Software Guard Extensions (Intel® SGX) attestation allows a remote party to ensure that a particular software is securely running within an enclave on an Intel® SGX enabled platform.

This specification describes the API surface for the libraries that allows the software to both generate an attestation evidence for an Intel® SGX enclave of an application and to verify that attestation evidence. The Intel® Software Guard Extensions Data Center Attestation Primitives (Intel® SGX DCAP) version of the libraries generate the attestation evidence using an ECDSA Attestation Key to sign an identity Report of an Intel® SGX enclave of an application. The signed Report is called an attestation Quote. The ECDSA Attestation key is created and owned by the owner of the remote attestation infrastructure but is certified by an Intel® SGX rooted key whose certificate is distributed by Intel®. The Intel® SGX rooted certificate proves that the platform running the Intel® SGX enclave is valid and in good standing.

1.1. Terminology

SGX Quote	Data structure used to provide proof to an off-platform entity that an application enclave is running with Intel® SGX protections on a trusted Intel® SGX enabled platform.
Report (EREPORT)	Hardware report generated by the Intel® SGX HW that provides identity and measurement information of the enclave and the platform. It can be MAC'd with a key available to another enclave on the same platform.
Quoting Enclave (QE)	Intel signed enclave that is trusted by the attestation infrastructure owner to sign and issue Quotes or attestations about other enclaves.
Quote Verification Enclave (QvE)	Intel signed enclave that is trusted by the attestation infrastructure owner to verify Intel generated Quotes.
Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (ECDSA)	Signing cryptographic algorithm as described in FIPS 186-4.
Attestation Key (AK)	Key used by the Quoting Enclave (QE) to sign Quotes that describe the measurements and identity of an application enclave.
Provisioning Certification Enclave (PCE)	Intel® SGX architectural enclave that uses a Provisioning Certification Key (PCK) to sign QE REPORT structures for Provisioning or Quoting Enclaves. These signed REPORTS contain the ReportData indicating that attestation keys or provisioning protocol messages are created on genuine hardware.
Provisioning Certification Key (PCK)	Signing key available to the Provisioning Certification Enclave for signing certificate-like QE REPORT structures.

	The key is unique to a processor package or platform instance, the HW TCB, and the PCE version (PSVN).
Provisioning Certification Key Certificate (PCK Cert)	The x.509 Certificate chain signed and distributed by Intel for every Intel® SGX enabled platform. This certificate is used by Quote verifiers to verify that the QE generating quotes is valid and running on a trusted Intel® SGX platform at a particular PSVN. It matches the private key generated by the PCE.
Platform Provisioning ID (PPID)	Provisioning ID for a processor package or platform instance. PPID is not TCB dependent.
Security Version Number (SVN)	Version number that indicates when security relevant updates occurred. New versions can have increased functional versions without incrementing the SVN.
Platform Security Version Numbers (PSVN)	Set of SVNs for all components in the Intel® SGX attestation Trusted Computing Base (TCB) including the PCE SVN.
Enclave Page Cache (EPC)	Amount of memory on the platform allocated to enclave code and data storage.
Intel® SGX Provisioning TCB	Trusted Computing Base of Intel® SGX provisioning that includes the platform HW TCB and the PCE SVN.
PCEID	Identifies the version of the PCE used to generate the PPID and PCK signing key.
Intel® SGX DCAP	Intel® Software Guard Extensions Data Center Attestation Primitives
LE	Launch Enclave. Generates the launch token needed to load and initialize another enclave. The LE does not need a launch token to load but its signing key (MRSIGNER) must match the CPU configuration. See more in the Launch Control documents.
FLC	Flexible Launch Control. An Intel® SGX feature that allows arbitrary LE to generate Launch Tokens. The default Launch Control Policy adheres Intel® SGX client based whitelisting. FLC exposes a set of MSRs that allow a platform owner to change the default LE MRSINGER to a different MRSIGNER to enable LE to generate Launch Tokens. Not all platforms or all BIOSs support FLC.

Table 1-1: Terminology

2. Overview

Before an application enclave can be trusted by an off-platform entity, the application must prove that its enclave is running with Intel® SGX protections on an Intel® SGX platform in good standing. Once trusted, the off-platform entity or a relying party can provide secrets or trusted services. Each enclave can generate a hardware rooted identity REPORT MAC'd with a symmetric key that another enclave on the same platform can then verify. This is called an Intel® SGX Report based local attestation. This REPORT can then be verified and signed by an asymmetric private key owned by a special enclave called the Quoting Enclave (QE). The QE is running on the same platform as the application enclave. The resulting data structure is called a Quote and the asymmetric signing key is called an attestation key. Any relying parties that have access to a public portion of the attestation key can check the Quote signature, the application enclave identity and the TCB of the platform to establish trust in the application enclave.

Intel will develop a libraries for the Linux* OS based software that will generate quotes for application enclaves as well as verify those quotes for a verifier. These libraries will not depend on any specific platform software, such as the Intel® SGX PSW, but will rely on a set of APIs provided by the environment in which the library runs. This will allow the libraries to load the Intel signed enclaves required to generate the quotes and to verify the quotes. This allows the libraries to be designed and distributed to work in different environments. For example, they can be linked into the Intel® SGX PSW AESM or they can exist in another system service. They can also be linked as a part of an application allowing them to run in the application process. See section [Quote Library Dependent APIs](#) for the dependent system APIs.

2.1. Intel® SGX ECDSA Quote Generation Library

The ECDSA Quoting library contains an ECDSA-based Quoting Enclave (QE) that uses a FIPS 186-4 and RFC 6090 compliant algorithm to generate a 256 bit ECC signing key. The key is on the p256 curve. The QE is developed and signed by Intel.

The ECDSA attestation key generated by the QE needs to be certified by an Intel® SGX key rooted to the platform HW fuses. Intel develops and signs an enclave called the Provisioning Certification Enclave (PCE). The key generated by the PCE to certify (sign) attestation keys is rooted to the CPU HW fuses. This key is called the Provisioning Certification Key (PCK) private key. Intel will also generate and publish a public key that matches the signing key (PCK) generated by the PCE. The public key is published as an X.509 certificate format called the Provision Certification Key Certificate (PCK Cert). The PCE will provide an interface to retrieve the PCK Certificate identifier (EncPPID+TCB+PCEID) used by a verifier to find the matching PCK Cert. The PCE also provides a mechanism to sign another enclave (i.e. QE) REPORT using the PCK private key. For Intel® SGX DCAP, the QE will generate the ECDSA Attestation Key (AK) and include a hash of the AK in the QE.REPORT.ReportData. Only the PCE can produce the PCK private key. This PCE certification data will ultimately be embedded in the ECDSA Quote generated by the QE. The AK is then used to signed application enclave Reports to prove that the enclave is running with Intel® SGX protections at a given TCB. This is called the ECDSA Quote. The Attestation infrastructure owner can verify the ECDSA attestation key using the PCK Certificate. The Intel® SGX DCAP ECDSA Quoting Library described in this document will be shipped with the PCE library and will use the PCE APIs internally. The applications will use the APIs described in this document to generate Quotes for its enclave.

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2.2. Intel® SGX ECDSA Quoting Verification Library Overview

The Intel® SGX ECDSA Quote Verification Library contains a Quote Verification Enclave (QvE) that can verify the Quote generated by the ECDSA-based Quoting Enclave (QE). The QvE is developed and signed by Intel.

The Intel® SGX ECDSA Quote Verification Library may be wrapped by a 'usage' library to meet the requirements for a particular usage. These usages may be for Intel® SGX DCAP or the Intel® SGX AESM. In those cases, the library released may need to be dynamically or statically linked by the 'usage'. The applications will use the APIs described in this document to verify Quotes from an enclave.

3. Intel® SGX ECDSA Quote Generation APIs

3.1. Intel® SGX DCAP Quote Library Wrapping API's

This chapter presents a set of C-like APIs that allow applications to request an ECDSA Quote. The Intel® SGX DCAP usage exposes a set of quote generation APIs that simplify the quoting interface to support a single ECDSA attestation key specific to that platform.

This library is delivered as a dynamically linked library (.so).

3.1.1. Set Enclave Load Policy

When the Quoting Library is linked to a process, it needs to know the proper enclave loading policy. The library may be linked with a long lived process, such as a service, where it can load the enclaves and leave them loaded (persistent). This better ensures that the enclave interfaces are available upon quote requests and not subject to Intel® SGX memory (EPC) limitations when loaded on demand. However, if the Quoting library is linked within an application process, there may be many applications with the Quoting library and a better utilization of EPC is to load and unload the enclaves on demand (ephemeral). The library will be shipped with a default policy of loading enclaves and leaving them loaded until the library is unloaded (SGX_QL_PERSISTENT).

If the policy is set to SGX_QL_EPHEMERAL, then the QE and PCE are loaded and unloaded on demand. If an enclave is already loaded when the policy is changed to SGX_QL_EPHEMERAL, the enclaves are unloaded before returning.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_qe_set_enclave_load_policy(sgx_ql_request_policy_t policy);
```

Parameters

policy[In]

Sets the requested enclave loading policy to SGX_QL_PERSISTENT, SGX_QL_EPHEMERAL, or SGX_QL_DEFAULT.

Return Values

SGX_QL_SUCCESS:

Successfully set the enclave loading policy for the quoting library's enclaves.

SGX_QL_UNSUPPORTED_LOADING_POLICY:

Selected policy is not supported by the quoting library.

SGX_QL_ERROR_UNEXPECTED:

Unexpected error occurred.

3.1.2. Get QE Target Info

Description

This API allows the calling code to retrieve the target info of the QE. The loading of the QE and the PCE follows the selected loading policy. The application enclave uses the returned QE target info when generating its Report.

During this API execution, the Quoting Library generates and certifies the attestation key. The key and certification data is stored in process memory for the `sgx_qe_get_quote_size()` and `sgx_qe_get_quote()` APIs to use. Generating and certifying the keys at this point make the following APIs more efficient. If the following APIs return the `SGX_QL_ATT_KEY_NOT_INITIALIZED` error, this API needs to be called again to regenerate and recertify the key.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_qe_get_target_info(sgx_target_info_t *p_target_info);
```

Parameters

`p_target_info` [Out]

Pointer to the buffer that contains the QE target information. This is used by an application enclave to generate a REPORT verifiable by the QE. Must not be NULL.

Return Values

`SGX_QL_SUCCESS:`

Retrieved the `p_target_info`.

`SGX_QL_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER:`

`p_target_info` must not be NULL.

`SGX_QL_ERROR_UNEXPECTED:`

Unexpected internal error occurred.

`SGX_QL_ENCLAVE_LOAD_ERROR:`

Unable to load the enclaves required to initialize the attestation key. Could be due to file I/O error or some other loading infrastructure errors.

`SGX_QL_OUT_OF_MEMORY:`

Heap memory allocation error occurred in a library or an enclave.

`SGX_QL_ERROR_OUT_OF_EPC:`

Not enough EPC memory to load one of the enclaves needed to complete this operation.

`SGX_QL_ATTESTATION_KEY_CERTIFICATION_ERROR:`

Failed to generate and certify the attestation key. Typically, this may happen if the TCB used to request PCE signing is higher than the platform TCB.

`SGX_QL_ENCLAVE_LOST:`

Enclave is lost after power transition or used in a child process created by `linux:fork()`.

3.1.3. Get Quote Size

The application needs to call this API before generating a quote. The quote size varies depending on the type of certification data used to describe how the ECDSA AK is certified. Once the application calls this API, it uses the returned `p_quote_size` in bytes to allocate a buffer to hold the quote. A pointer to this allocated buffer is provided to the `sgx_qe_get_quote()` API.

If the key is not available, this API returns an error (`SGX_QL_ATT_KEY_NOT_INITIALIZED`). In this case, you must call `sgx_qe_get_target_info()` to re-generate and re-certify the attestation key.

The size returned in this API indicates the size of the quote buffer required in the `sgx_qe_get_quote()` API.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_qe_get_quote_size(  
    uint32_t *p_quote_size)
```

Parameters

`p_quote_size`[Out]:

Pointer to the size of the buffer in bytes required to contain the full quote. This value is passed in to the `sgx_qe_get_quote()` API. You need to allocate a buffer large enough to contain the quote.

Return Values

`SGX_QL_SUCCESS`:

Successfully calculated the required quote size. The required size in bytes is returned in the memory pointed to by `p_quote_size`.

`SGX_QL_ERROR_UNEXPECTED`:

Unexpected internal error occurred.

`SGX_QL_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER`:

Invalid parameter. `p_quote_size` must not be NULL.

`SGX_QL_ATT_KEY_NOT_INITIALIZED`:

Platform quoting infrastructure does not have the attestation key available to generate quotes. Call `sgx_qe_get_target_info()` again.

`SGX_QL_ATT_KEY_CERT_DATA_INVALID`:

Data returned by the platform provider library `sgx_q1_get_quote_config()` is invalid (see section [Platform Quote Provider Library](#)).

`SGX_QL_ERROR_OUT_OF_EPC`:

Not enough EPC memory to load one of the quote library enclaves needed to complete this operation.

`SGX_QL_OUT_OF_MEMORY`:

Heap memory allocation error occurred in a library or an enclave.

`SGX_QL_ENCLAVE_LOAD_ERROR`:

Unable to load one of the quote library enclaves required to initialize the attestation key. Could be due to file I/O error or some other loading infrastructure errors.

SGX_QL_ENCLAVE_LOST:

Enclave is lost after power transition or used in a child process created by linux:fork().

SGX_QL_ATT_KEY_CERT_DATA_INVALID:

Certification data retrieved from the platform provider library is invalid.

3.1.4. Get Quote

Description

Finally, the application calls this API to generate a quote. The function takes the application enclave REPORT as input and converts it into a quote once the QE verifies the REPORT. Once verified, it signs it with the ECDSA AK of the Intel® SGX DCAP QE. If the key is not available, this API returns an error (SGX_QL_ATT_KEY_NOT_INITIALIZED). In this case, call `sgx_qe_get_target_info()` to re-generate and re-certify the attestation key.

For Intel® SGX DCAP, the Quote.Header.UserData[0..15] (see [Quote Format](#)) contains the 128bit platform identifier (QE_ID) based on the QE Seal Key at TCB 0 (see [QE ID Derivation](#)). This allows the attestation infrastructure to link a quote generated on the platform with the platform PCK Cert.

To allow the application to remain agnostic to the type of the attestation key used generate the quote, the application should not try to parse the quote.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_qe_get_quote(  
    const sgx_report_t *p_app_report,  
    uint32_t quote_size  
    uint8_t *p_quote);
```

Parameters

p_app_report [In]

Pointer to the application enclave REPORT that requires a quote. The report needs to be generated using the QE target info returned by the `sgx_qe_get_target_info()` API. Must not be NULL.

quote_size [In]

Size of the buffer that p_quote points to (in bytes).

p_quote [Out]

Pointer to the buffer that will contain the generated quote. Must not be NULL.

Return Values

SGX_QL_SUCCESS:

Successfully generated the quote.

SGX_QL_ERROR_UNEXPECTED:

Unexpected internal error occurred.

SGX_QL_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER:

Invalid parameter.

SGX_QL_ATT_KEY_NOT_INITIALIZED:

Platform quoting infrastructure does not have the attestation key available to generate quotes. Call `init_quote()` again.

SGX_QL_ATT_KEY_CERT_DATA_INVALID:

Data returned by the platform provider library `sgx_ql_get_quote_config()` is invalid.

SGX_QL_ERROR_OUT_OF_EPC:

Not enough EPC memory to load one of the Architecture Enclaves needed to complete this operation.

SGX_QL_OUT_OF_MEMORY:

Heap memory allocation error occurred in a library or an enclave.

SGX_QL_ENCLAVE_LOAD_ERROR:

Unable to load the enclaves required to initialize the attestation key. Could be due to file I/O error or some other loading infrastructure errors.

SGX_QL_ENCLAVE_LOST:

Enclave was lost after power transition or used in a child process created by `linux:fork()`.

SGX_QL_INVALID_REPORT:

Report MAC check failed on a application report.

3.1.5. Cleanup Enclaves by Policy

Description

This method is primarily a hint for the Quote library that it can release the QE and the PCE it cached for efficiency. In the mainline case, `sgx_qe_get_targetinfo()`, `sgx_qe_get_quote_size()`, and `sgx_qe_get_quote()` are called in succession. If the Quote library keeps the enclaves loaded between `sgx_qe_get_targetinfo()` and `sgx_qe_get_quote_size()`, they may not be unloaded if the process using the quote library fails prior to `sgx_qe_get_quote()`. `sgx_cleanup_qe_by_policy()` informs the Quote Library that it should clean up the QE and the PCE since it cannot depend on the `sgx_qe_get_quote()` to unload them. If `SGX_QE_PERSISTENT` is the default policy, it can choose to no-op.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_qe_cleanup_by_policy();
```

Parameters

None

Return Values

SGX_QL_SUCCESS:

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Successfully completed.

3.2. Enclave Loading

The Quote library loads and unloads the Intel signed and formatted QE and PCE enclaves as needed and as specified by the enclave loading policy. The Quote Library loads the QE and the PCE using a library called the modified URTS (Untrusted Runtime Service) exposing APIs that are compatible with the enclave loading APIs exposed by the Intel® SGX SDK. The modified URTS library is shipped with the Quote Library or has it statically linked. The modified URTS library uses the Intel® Enclave Common Abstraction Layer Library (see 'Enclave Common Loader API Reference' document for API descriptions).

3.2.1. Enclave Launch Policy Implications

To use a Quoting Library that supports ECDSA attestation, the platform that runs the Quote Library must support Flexible Launch Control (FLC). FLC allows the platform owner to choose which Launch Enclave (LE) can generate launch tokens and enforce the enclave launch control policy supported by that LE. FLC is not available on all platforms and FLC must be supported by the BIOS.

Some environments may whitelist the PCE and the QE based on the enclave MRSIGNER (hash of the enclave signing key) and the attribute.ProvBit. For example, the Intel® SGX DCAP driver only allows the Intel signed PCE and QE enclaves to launch with the attribute.ProvBit. Any other enclaves must launch with this bit set to zero. Also, the Intel signed PCE does not provide certification information or Report signing to enclaves with the attribute.ProvBit to 0.

3.3. Quote Library Dependent APIs

The Quoting library looks for these APIs when needed and expects them to be available from a library dynamically linked with the Quoting Library.

3.3.1. Platform Quote Provider Library

The Platform Provider Library provides a set of APIs that allow the Quote Library to get platform specific services. They are not required for the Quote Library to function but they may be required to properly generate quotes in a given platform environment.

The Quote Library looks for a library named *libdcap_quoteprov.so* using dlopen during runtime. The Quote Library does not require the provider library to generate Quotes but the generated quotes may not be verifiable.

3.3.1.1. Get PCK Certification Information

Description

For ECDSA quote generation, the Quote Library by default generates an attestation key certified by the PCE using the raw Intel® SGX TCB of the platform. This may not work for all attestation environments. The TCB used to generate the PCE signature over the ECDSA AK needs a matching Intel generated x.509 PCK Certificate for that TCB. This is problematic for E3 and client platforms that do not have Intel Generated PCK Certs for all TCB levels. It also causes problems when the attestation infrastructure caches PCK Certs and may not have certs for all platforms due to restrictions on contacting Intel hosted services during runtime. In these cases, the Quote Library needs to get the TCB from the platform

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software to generate the proper PCE signature. The Quote Library first requests the TCB information from the Provider Library if it is available, and submits that value for PCE signing. In addition, the provider library responds with the associated Certification Data to append to the ECDSA Quote. See the definitions for `sgx_q1_pck_cert_id_t` and `sgx_q1_config_t`.

If the provider library cannot be found, the `sgx_q1_get_quote_config()` symbol is not found within the provider library or it returns an error, the Quote Library uses the raw-TCB of the platform to certify the key and use the certification type `PPID_RSA3072_ENCRYPTED` as the Quote's [Certification Data Type](#) to identify platform. If the API is found, the API returns 2 pieces of information:

1. The TCB to use when requesting the PCE to certify the attestation key. This matches the TCB of the PCK Certificate that the quote verifier uses to certify the attestation key.
2. The certification data for the associated PCK Cert to be added to the quote when the quote is generated.

The data returned by this API is used to determine the ultimate size of the quote. The current release of the Quote Library only supports the `sgx_q1_config_t.version` of `SGX_QL_CONFIG_VERSION_1` (0x0001). For this version of the `sgx_q1_config_t` data structure returned by the `sgx_q1_get_quote_config()`, the `sgx_q1_config_t.p_cert_data` is expected to point to the PCK Cert chain as defined by the certification type `PCK_CERT_CHAIN` (5) for the Quote [Certification Data Type](#). The Quote Library uses this data to replace the default certification data type generated by the QE. Because of this, the 'Quote Signature Data Len' and the 'QE Certification Data' fields in the Quote are not signed by the AK.

Future versions of the `sgx_q1_config_t` data structure may support more [Certification Data Types](#).

The functionality of the API is not limited to just ECDSA attestation. The data inputted and outputted from this function only pertains to the TCB to use for generating the PCE signature and the data needed to locate the associated PCK Certificate. It can be considered independent of the type of AK used for quote signing and may apply to other attestation environments.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_q1_get_quote_config(  
    const sgx_q1_pck_cert_id_t *p_pck_cert_id,  
    sgx_q1_config_t **pp_cert_config);
```

Parameters

`p_pck_cert_id` [In]

The Quoting Library passes a pointer to the PCK Certificate ID structure. The Provider Library will use this information to find the proper TCB and Quote Certification Data. If the Quoting Library does not support reporting the optional field, encrypted PPID, when this call is made, then `p_encrypted_ppid` is NULL, `encrypted_ppid_size` is 0 and `crypto_suite` is 0.

`pp_cert_config` [Out]

Pointer to a pointer to the PCK certification data needed for quote generation. The provider library allocates this buffer and it is expected that the Quote Library frees it with the provider library `sgx_q1_free_quote_config()` API. If the platform does not yet have the configuration data available, the `SGX_QL_NO_PLATFORM_CERT_DATA` error is returned and the PCK Signature is generated using the raw TCB of the platform. If the library does not support the data or there is a problem with the format, the Quoting library returns `SGX_QL_ATT_KEY_CERT_DATA_INVALID`.

Return Values

SGX_QL_SUCCESS:

Platform has the certification data available and returned it in the p_quote_config buffer.

SGX_QL_NO_PLATFORM_CERT_DATA:

Platform does not have the certification data available.

SGX_QL_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER:

Provider library rejected the input.

SGX_QL_PLATFORM_LIB_UNAVAILABLE:

Quote Library failed to locate the provider library. The platform does not have the certification data available.

3.3.1.2. Free PCK Certification Information

Description

This API frees the PCK Cert configuration data buffer allocated by the provider library `sgx_ql_get_quote_config()` API.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_ql_free_quote_config(  
    sgx_ql_config_t *p_cert_config);
```

Parameters

p_cert_config [Out]

Pointer to the PCK certification that the `sgx_ql_get_quote_config()` API allocated.

Return Values

SGX_QL_SUCCESS:

Pointer is successfully freed or the input pointer is NULL.

3.3.1.3. Store Persistent Data

Not required and does not need to be implemented by the quote provider library. If implemented, it is expected that the provider library stores the data to the file specified in the input.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_ql_write_persistent_data(  
    const uint8_t *p_buf,  
    uint32_t buf_size,  
    const char *p_label);
```

Parameters

p_buf [In]

Pointer to the data to be written. Must not be NULL.

buf_size [In]

Size of the data in bytes that p_buf points to.

p_label [In]

Pointer to the string label of the data to be stored. Must not be NULL and must be a valid string.

Return Values

SGX_QL_SUCCESS:

Data was written successfully.

SGX_QE_PLATFORM_LIB_UNAVAILABLE:

Provider library was not found.

SGX_QL_ERROR_UNEXPECTED:

Unexpected internal error occurred.

SGX_QL_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER:

One of the pointers is NULL

SGX_QL_FILE_ACCESS_ERROR:

Not able to find the 'label' or there was a problem writing the data.

3.3.1.4. Retrieve Persistent Data

Description

Not required and does not need to be implemented by the quote provider library. If implemented, it is expected that the provider library loads the data from the file specified in the input.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_ql_read_persistent_data(  
    const uint8_t *p_buf,  
    uint32_t *p_buf_size,  
    const char *p_label);
```

Parameters

p_buf [In/Out]

Pointer to the buffer to store the data.

p_buf_size [In/Out]

Pointer to the size in the buffer. If the p_buff is NULL, the API returns the required size. Must not be NULL.

p_label [In]

Pointer to the string label of the data to be stored. Must not be NULL and must be a valid string.

Return Values

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SGX_QL_SUCCESS:

Data was read successfully.

SGX_QE_PLATFORM_LIB_UNAVAILABLE:

Provider library was not found.

SGX_QL_ERROR_UNEXPECTED:

Unexpected internal error occurred.

SGX_QL_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER:

If all pointer are not NULL, the size of the inputted buffer is too small. Otherwise, one of the mandatory input pointers is NULL

SGX_QL_FILE_ACCESS_ERROR:

Not able to find the 'label' or there was a problem retrieving the data.

3.3.1.5. Get Quote Verification Collateral

Description

For ECDSA quote verification, this API will be called when the platform needs to retrieve the remote platform's quote verification collateral. This is the data required to complete quote verification. It includes:

- The root CA Cert
- The root CA CRL
- The PCK Cert CRL
- The PCK Cert CRL signing chain.
- The signing cert chain for the TCInfo structure
- The signing cert chain for the QEIdentity structure
- The TCInfo structure
- The QEIdentity structure

See the [sgx_ql_qv_collateral_t](#) definition.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_ql_get_quote_verification_collateral(  
    const uint8_t *fmssp,  
    const uint32_t fmssp_size,  
    const char *pck_ca,  
    sgx_ql_qv_collateral_t **pp_quote_collateral);
```

Parameters

fmssp [In]

Base 16-encoded representation of FMSPC. (currently defined to be 6 bytes).

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fmpsc_size [In]

Number of bytes in the buffer pointed by *fmpsc*.

ca [In]

Null terminated string identifier of the PCK Cert CA that issued the PCK Certificates. Allowed values:

- “processor” – indicates PCK Certificate was issued by the Intel SGX Processor CA.
- “platform” – indicates PCK Cert was issued by the Intel SGX Platform CA.

pp_quote_collateral [Out]

Pointer to a pointer to the PCK quote collateral data needed for quote verification. The provider library will allocate this buffer and it is expected that the Quote Verification Library will free it using the provider library’s `sgx_ql_free_quote_verification_collateral()` API. If the provider library cannot be found, the error `SGX_QL_PLATFORM_LIB_UNAVAILABLE` will be returned. If the provider library cannot retrieve the data, the `SGX_QL_NO_QUOTE_COLLATERAL_DATA` error will be returned.

Return Values

SGX_QL_SUCCESS:

Data was read successfully.

SGX_QL_NO_QUOTE_COLLATERAL_DATA:

The platform does not have the quote verification collateral data available.

SGX_QL_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER:

The provider library rejected the input.

SGX_QL_PLATFORM_LIB_UNAVAILABLE:

The Quote Library could not locate the provider library.

SGX_QL_ERROR_OUT_OF_MEMORY:

Heap memory allocation error in library or enclave.

SGX_QL_NETWORK_ERROR:

In the case where the provider library uses the network to retrieve the verification collateral, this error will be returned when it encounters network connectivity problems.

SGX_QL_MESSAGE_ERROR:

In the case where the provider library uses message protocols to the verification collateral, this error will be returned when it encounters any protocol problems.

3.3.1.6. Free Quote Verification Collateral

Description

Called to free the quote verification collateral data buffer allocated by the provider library’s `sgx_ql_get_quote_verification_collateral()` API.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_ql_free_quote_verification_collateral(  
    sgx_ql_qve_collateral_t *p_quote_collateral);
```

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Parameters

p_quote_collateral [Out]

Pointer to the quote verification collateral data provided by the `sgx_q1_get_quote_verification_collateral()` API.

Return Values

SGX_QL_SUCCESS:

The pointer was successfully freed or the input pointer was NULL.

SGX_QL_ERROR_UNEXPECTED:

An unexpected internal error occurred.

3.3.1.7. Get Quote Verification Enclave Identity (QVEIdentity)

Description

When the SGX ECDSA quote is verified by the Quote Verification Enclave, the caller can request that the QVE return an SGX REPORT. This allows the caller to cryptographically verify that the quote verification results were generated by the QVE. The caller uses REPORT based local attestation to perform this verification. Once the REPORT has been verified using local attestation, the caller needs to verify that the REPORT was generated by the expected Intel QVE. Intel signs and publishes a JSON data structure with the QVE identity information (MRSIGNER, ProdID, ISVSVN, etc) called the QVEIdentity. The platform quote provider library implements this API to provide the QVEIdentity to the caller. If the provider library cannot be found, the error `SGX_QL_PLATFORM_LIB_UNAVAILABLE` will be returned. If the provider library cannot retrieve the data, the `SGX_QL_NO_QVE_IDENTITY_DATA` error will be returned.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_q1_get_qve_identity(  
    char **pp_qve_identity,  
    uint32_t *p_qve_identity_size,  
    char **pp_qve_identity_issuer_chain,  
    uint32_t *p_qve_identity_issuer_chain_size);
```

Parameters

pp_qve_identity [Out]

Pointer to a pointer to the UTF-8 encoded JSON string containing the QVE Identity structure. The provider library will allocate this buffer and it is expected that the caller will free it using the provider library's `sgx_q1_free_qve_identity()` API.

p_qve_identity_size [Out]

The length of the string in bytes in the buffer pointed by `*pp_qve_identity` including the terminating null character.

pp_qve_identity_issuer_chain [Out]

Pointer to a pointer to the UTF-8 encoded string containing the QVE Identity issuer certificate chain for SGX QVE Identity. It consists of SGX Root CA Certificate and SGX TCB Signing

Certificate. The provider library will allocate this buffer and it is expected that the caller will free it using the provider library's `sgx_q1_free_qve_identity()` API.

`p_qve_identity_issuer_change_size` [Out]

The length of the string in bytes in the buffer pointed by `*pp_qve_identity_issuer_chain` including the terminating null character.

Return Values

`SGX_QL_SUCCESS:`

Data was read successfully.

`SGX_QL_NO_QVE_IDENTITY_DATA:`

The platform does not have the QVE identity data available.

`SGX_QL_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER:`

The provider library rejected the input.

`SGX_QL_PLATFORM_LIB_UNAVAILABLE:`

The Quote Library could not locate the provider library.

`SGX_QL_ERROR_OUT_OF_MEMORY:`

Heap memory allocation error in library or enclave.

`SGX_QL_NETWORK_ERROR:`

In the case where the provider library uses the network to retrieve the verification collateral, this error will be returned when it encounters network connectivity problems.

`SGX_QL_MESSAGE_ERROR:`

In the case where the provider library uses message protocols to the verification collateral, this error will be returned when it encounters any protocol problems.

3.3.1.8. Free Quote Verification Enclave Identity

Description

Called to free the quote verification collateral data buffer allocated by the provider library's `sgx_q1_get_qve_identity()` API.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_q1_free_qve_identity(  
    char *p_qve_identity,  
    char *p_qve_identity_issuer_chain);
```

Parameters

`p_qve_identity` [Out]

Pointer to the PCK certification that the `sgx_q1_get_quote_verification_collateral()` API.

Return Values

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SGX_QL_SUCCESS:

The pointer was successfully freed or the input pointer was NULL.

SGX_QL_ERROR_UNEXPECTED:

An unexpected internal error occurred.

3.3.2. Intel® SGX Enclave Loading Library

Provided by the modified 'urts' library that uses the Intel® SGX Enclave Loading Abstraction Layer Library (see Enclave Common Loader API Reference document). This 'modified-sgx-urts' library exposes the same enclave loading API as provided by the legacy Intel® SGX SDK.

3.4. Deployment Tool for PCK Certificate Chain Retrieval for Intel® SGX DCAP

Some attestation environments do not provision each platform with its PCK Cert or the PCK Cert TCB at platform bring-up and then store it persistently for each VM when the VM starts up. Also, some environments do not permit access to the external Intel hosted PCK Certificate Service during runtime. These environments retrieve the PCK Cert Chain from Intel during platform bring-up (Deployment) and store the PCK Cert chain in a PCK Cert Proxy/PCK Cert Inventory hosted within their attestation infrastructure. Then, the PCK Cert chain is provided to the VM when the VM starts up (run-time) based on a request from the VM to the Proxy Service. Or, it provides the PCK Cert TCB at VM start up and then retrieve the PCK Cert when the Quote is verified. There is a need to identify the PCK Cert retrieved during deployment to download the TCB or PCK Cert to the VM at runtime.

The PPID in the PCK Cert could be used for this purpose but the Intel® SGX protects the PPID privacy by encrypting the PPID with a PCK Server owned public key. The RSA-OAEP algorithm used to encrypt the PPID changes the encrypted PPID value between successive requests to the PCE. The Enc(PPID) generated during deployment does not match the Enc(PPID) used during runtime.

The *PCKRetrievalTool* will be released along with the Quote Library release. The production version of the Quote Library encrypts the PPID with a 3072bit RSA-OAEP key owned by the Intel hosted PCK Certification Service. The *PCKRetrievalTool* output can be used to request a PCK Cert from the service.

The PCK Retrieval Tool will output a Base16 (Hex) encoded text file in CSV format:

```
EncryptedPPID(384 BE byte array),PCE_ID(LE 16 bit integer),CPUSVN(16 byte BE  
byte array),PCE ISVSVN (LE 16 bit integer),QE_ID (16 byte BE byte array)
```

To request PCK Certs Online, follow the onboarding and RESTful API described in the PCK Service documentation.

Note: The EncPPID changes each time the tool is called while the QE_ID does not. The user of the tool should keep a link between the QE_ID and EncPPID to properly link the Platform to its PCK Cert Chain.

Note: You may get more than one PCK Cert Chain for each platform depending on the number of active TCB levels for that platform and the PCK Certificate Service API used.

3.5. Key Derivations

3.5.1. QE_ID Derivation

The QE_ID is a platform ID that is not associated with a particular SVN but is dependent on the Quoting Enclave (QE) MRSIGNER and its Seal Key. The QE_ID is designed to be dependent on the seal key, which depends on the platform OWNER_EPOCH value. The OWNER_EPOCH value is set by the platform owner in the BIOS configuration. If the BIOS non-volatile memory (FLASH) is wiped, then the QE_ID changes even if generated by the same QE. This prevents the QE_ID from being a true HW ID. A true HW ID cannot be modified by the platform owner.

- 1) QE_ID-Seed = EGETKEY(KEYNAME=SEAL_KEY, KEY_POLICY=MRSIGNER, KEY_ID = 0, CPUSVN=0, ISVSVN = 0)
- 2) QE_ID = AES128-CMAC(QE_ID-Seed, 16 bytes below)

Byte Position	Value
0	0x00
1-9	“QE_ID_DER” (ascii encoded)
10-13	0x00000000
14-15	0x0080 (Big Endian)

3.5.2. ECDSA Attestation Key Derivation

3.5.2.1. ECDSA Attestation Key Derivation using QE Seal Key (Intel® SGX DCAP Solution)

The ECDSA Attestation key is derived from the QE seal key at the current TCB level. This allows the QE to regenerate the same attestation key without requiring persistent storage. However, the key changes when any of the QE TCB components change (CPUSVN, PCE_ISVSVN or the QE_ISVSVN). This extends the lifetime of the QE attestation key beyond the time the QE library exists in process memory.

The QE attestation key is used by the QE to sign reports from application enclaves. It is a 256 bit ECC signing key using NIST curve secp256r1.

The QE attestation key derivation is rooted in the HW key. EGETKEY does a series of AES-base derivations resulting in a Provisioning Key unique to the HW, the current TCB (CPUSVN), and the QE identify (MRSIGNER, ISVPRODID, ISVSVN). The AK private key is derived from 320 random bits (providing 128 bits of entropy) derived from the Seal Key using the following flow:

- 1) Sealing Key = EGETKEY(KEYNAME = SEAL_KEY,

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KEY_POLICY =MRSIGNER,
KEY_ID = 0,
Current CPUSVN,
Current ISVSVN)

- 2) Block 1 = AES-CMAC(Sealing Key, QE string with Counter = 0x01)
- 3) Block 2 = AES-CMAC(Sealing Key, QE string with Counter = 0x02)
- 4) Block 3 = AES-CMAC(Sealing Key, QE string with Counter = 0x03)
- 5) QE ATT Seed = most significant 320 bits of (Block 1 || Block 2 || Block 3).
- 6) QE ATT key pair is generated using NIST SP 186-4 section B 4.1 “Key Pair Generation Using Extra Random Bits.” AE ATT Seed are used for the random bits.

Byte Position	Value
0	Counter (See Description)
1-10	“QE_KEY_DER” (ascii encoded)
11-13	0x000000
14-15	0x0140 (Big Endian)

4.Quote Verification

This chapter presents a set of C-like APIs that allow applications to verify an Intel SGX ECDSA Quote as defined in [Quote Format](#) using a Quote Verification Enclave (QVE) built with the Quote Verification Library (QVL) published with DCAP.

This library is delivered as a dynamically linked library (.so)

4.1.Quote Verification APIs

4.1.1.Set Enclave Load Policy

When the Quote Verification Library is linked to a process, it needs to know the proper enclave loading policy. The library may be linked with a long lived process, such as a service, where it can load the enclaves and leave them loaded (persistent). This better ensures that the enclaves will be available upon quote requests and not subject to EPC limitations if loaded on demand. However, if the Quoting library is linked with an application process, there may be many applications with the Quote Verification Library and a better utilization of EPC is to load and unloaded the quoting verification enclave on demand (ephemeral). The library will be shipped with a default policy of loading the enclave and leaving it loaded until the library is unloaded (SGX_QL_PERSISTENT).

If the policy is set to SGX_QL_EPHEMERAL, then the QvE will be loaded and unloaded on-demand. If the enclave is already loaded when the policy is change to SGX_QL_EPHEMERAL, the enclave will be unloaded before returning.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_qv_set_enclave_load_policy(sgx_ql_request_policy_t policy);
```

Parameters

policy[In]

Sets the requested enclave loading policy to either SGX_QL_PERSISTENT, SGX_QL_EPHEMERAL or SGX_QL_DEFAULT.

Return Values

SGX_QL_SUCCESS:

Successfully set the enclave loading policy for the quoting library's enclaves.

SGX_QL_UNSUPPORTED_LOADING_POLICY:

The selected policy is not support by the quoting library.

SGX_QL_ERROR_UNEXPECTED:

An unexpected error occurred.

4.1.2. Verify Quote

Description

This API will verify an SGX ECDSA Quote as defined in [Quote Format](#) generated by an SGX ECDSA Quoting Enclave. This API is designed to work with verification code running in an enclave as well as verification code running in an untrusted environment. A non-NULL `p_qve_report_info` input parameter indicates the verifying platform is SGX compatible and should use a SGX ECDSA Quote Verification Enclave (QVE) to verify the Quote. The platform software will know if the platform is SGX-capable or not. The Intel provided DCAP library will only provide the QVE based verification. The QVE will return a REPORT targeting the calling enclave in the `p_qve_report_info` structure. The calling enclave can use the REPORT to verify that the expected QVE performed the verification, verify that it used the provided input, and that the QVE generated the verification results.

The caller may provide the `p_quote_collateral` as defined in [sgx_ql_qve_collateral_t](#). If `p_quote_collateral` is NULL, then the quote library will attempt to retrieve the collateral from the provider library. If the quote library fails to retrieve the data from the provider library, it will return the appropriate error code. The QVE will verify the format and the certificate chains of all of the collateral passed in. The API will return the appropriate error if the collateral format or signature check fails. The current version of the QVE only supports version 1 of the [sgx_ql_qv_collateral_t](#).

The `expiration_check_date` is used to compare to the x.509 'Not After' field, x.509 CRL 'Next Update' and the JSON 'nextUpdate' field. If any of these collateral's 'Not After' or 'nextUpdate' field has a date earlier than the `expiration_check_date` input parameter, the value pointed by `p_collateral_expiration_status` will have a non-zero value. But, this check alone will not cause the Verify Quote API to return an error.

If all of the input parameters, quote verification collateral, and quote format are correct, the API will return `SGX_QL_SUCCESS`. It will also indicate the verification result in `p_quote_verification_result`. The verification result can have the following values (see [sgx_ql_qv_result_t](#)):

1. `SGX_QL_QV_RESULT_OK` - *Non-terminal*
2. `SGX_QL_QV_RESULT_CONFIG_NEEDED` - *Non-terminal*
3. `SGX_QL_QV_RESULT_OUT_OF_DATE` - *Non-terminal*
4. `SGX_QL_QV_RESULT_OUT_OF_DATE_CONFIG_NEEDED` - *Non-Terminal*
5. `SGX_QL_QV_RESULT_INVALID_SIGNATURE` - *Terminal*
6. `SGX_QL_QV_RESULT_REVOKED` - *Terminal*
7. `SGX_QL_QV_RESULT_UNSPECIFIED` - *Terminal*

If callers of this API want to adhere to a strict compliance verification based on Intel's latest verification policy, they should input a trusted current time for `expiration_check_data` and only accept results when the API returns `SGX_QL_SUCCESS`, `*p_expiration_status` is 0, and the `*p_quote_verification_result` is `SGX_QL_QV_RESULT_OK` (or a verification result of `SGX_QL_QV_RESULT_CONFIG_NEEDED` which indicates the quote was generated on a platform with the latest SGX patches but an additional platform configuration change may be needed).

There may be cases where the caller cannot abide by the strict compliance verification applied by this API. For example, the caller may not have access to a trusted time source for the `expiration_time` or the platform owner may not be able to patch all platforms prior to Intel's latest TCB level. In these cases, the caller can make use of the optional supplemental data returned by this API. This supplemental data will allow the caller to implement a different quote verification policy. When this

API returns an error other than SGX_QL_SUCCESS or the *p_quote_verification_result is a terminal error, no alternative verification policy should be performed. See [Verify Quote - Supplemental](#) for more information.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_qv_verify_quote(  
    const uint8_t *p_quote,  
    uint32_t quote_size,  
    const sgx_ql_qv_collateral_t *p_quote_collateral,  
    const time_t expiration_check_date,  
    uint32_t *p_collateral_expiration_status,  
    sgx_qv_result_t *p_quote_verification_result,  
    sgx_ql_qe_report_info_t *p_qve_report_info,  
    uint32_t supplemental_data_size,  
    uint8_t *p_supplemental_data);
```

Parameters

p_quote [In]

Pointer to an SGX Quote. The QVE only supports version 3 of the SGX ECDSA Quote. Currently, the QVE only supports Quotes with CertType = 5. The Intel signed QVE will only verify Quotes generated by an Intel Signed QE. This type of certification data contains the PCK Certificate Chain in the Quote.

quote_size [In]

Size of the buffer pointed to by p_quote (in bytes).

p_quote_collateral [In]

This parameter is optional. If not NULL, this is a pointer to the Quote Certification Collateral provided by the caller. The quote collateral structure contains a version number. This is the data that is required to fully verify the quote. Such as the TCInfo, QEIdentity and CRL structures, etc. If it is NULL, the DCAP library will attempt to retrieve the collateral from the Platform Quote Provider library if available. If the provider library is not available or the collateral cannot be retrieved, this API will return SGX_QL_PLATFORM_LIB_UNAVAILABLE or SGX_QL_UNABLE_TO_GET_COLLATERAL respectively.

expiration_check_date [In]

This is the date that the QVE will use to determine if any of the inputted collateral have expired. The expectation is that the caller has access to a trusted current source or uses a hardcoded threshold date.

p_collateral_expiration_status [Out]

Address of the outputted expiration status. This input must not be NULL. When this API returns a 0 at this address, none of the inputted collateral has expired as compared to the inputted expiration_check_date. This API will return a non-zero value when one or more of the inputted collateral has expired according to the inputted expiration_check_date. This value will contain a non-zero value if the API returns a value other than SGX_QL_SUCCESS.

p_quote_verification_result [In/Out]

Address of the outputted quote verification result. This value will contain SGX_QL_QV_RESULT_UNSPECIFIED if the API returns a value other than SGX_QL_SUCCESS.

p_qve_report_info [Out]

This parameter is optional. If not NULL, the QVE will generate a report using the `target_info` provided in the `sgx_ql_qe_report_info_t` structure. The `QVE.REPORT.REPORT_DATA = (SHA256_HASH[nonce|quote|expiration_check_date|expiration_status|verification_result|supplemental_data]|32-0x00's)`. If NULL, the quote can still be verified on a non-SGX capable platform or by a QVE but the results cannot be cryptographically verified.

`supplemental_data_size` [In]

Size of the buffer pointed to by `p_supplemental_data` (in bytes). The value should match the value returned by the `sgx_qv_get_supplemental_data_size()`. If the caller does not need the supplemental data, the parameter should be 0 and the `p_supplemental_data` should be NULL. `SGX_QL_QUOTE_INVALID_PARAMETER` if the size is not large enough to return the supplemental data.

`p_supplemental_data` [Out]

The parameter is optional. If it is NULL, `supplemental_data_size` must be 0. This data can be used by the CSP or Relying Party to enforce a different quote verification policy than enforced by this API.

Return Values

`SGX_QL_SUCCESS:`

Successfully evaluated the quote.

`SGX_QL_INVALID_PARAMETER:`

One of the input parameters value.

`SGX_QL_QUOTE_FORMAT_UNSUPPORTED:`

The inputted quote format is not supported. Either because the header information is not supported or the quote is malformed in some way.

`SGX_QL_QUOTE_CERTIFICATION_DATA_UNSUPPORTED:`

The quote verifier doesn't support the certification data in the Quote. Currently, the Intel QVE only supported `CertType = 5`.

`SGX_QL_APP_REPORT_UNSUPPORTED_FORMAT:`

The quote verifier doesn't support the format of the application REPORT the Quote.

`SGX_QL_QE_REPORT_UNSUPPORTED_FORMAT:`

The quote verifier doesn't support the format of the application REPORT the Quote.

`SGX_QL_QE_REPORT_INVALID_SIGNATURE:`

The signature over the QE Report is invalid.

`SGX_QL_QE_REPORT_ATT_KEY_MISMATCH:`

The attestation key provided in the Quote was not produced by the QE described in the quote.

`SGX_QL_PCK_CERT_UNSUPPORTED_FORMAT:`

The format of the PCK Cert is unsupported.

`SGX_QL_PCK_CERT_CHAIN_ERROR:`

There was an error verifying the PCK Cert signature chain including PCK Cert revocation.

`SGX_QL_TCBINFO_UNSUPPORTED_FORMAT:`

The format of the `TCBInfo` structure is unsupported.

SGX_QL_TCBINFO_CHAIN_ERROR:

There was an error verifying the TCInfo signature chain including TCInfo revocation.

SGX_QL_TCBINFO_MISMATCH:

PCK Cert FMSPc does not match the TCInfo FMSPc.

SGX_QL_QEIDENTITY_UNSUPPORTED_FORMAT:

The format of the QEIdentity structure is unsupported.

SGX_QL_QEIDENTITY_MISMATCH:

The Quote's QE doesn't match the inputted expected QEIdentity.

SGX_QL_QEIDENTITY_CHAIN_ERROR:

There was an error verifying the QEIdentity signature chain including QEIdentity revocation.

SGX_QL_OUT_OF_MEMORY:

Heap memory allocation error in library or enclave.

SGX_QL_ENCLAVE_LOAD_ERROR:

Unable to load the enclaves required to initialize the attestation key. Could be due to file I/O error, loading infrastructure error or insufficient enclave memory.

SGX_QL_ENCLAVE_LOST:

Enclave lost after power transition or used in child process created by linux:fork().

SGX_QL_INVALID_REPORT:

Report MAC check failed on application report.

SGX_QL_PLATFORM_LIB_UNAVAILABLE:

The Quote Library could not locate the provider library.

SGX_QL_UNABLE_TO_GENERATE_REPORT:

The QVE was unable to generate its own report targeting the application enclave because there is an enclave compatibility issue.

SGX_QL_UNABLE_TO_GET_COLLATERAL:

The Quote Library was available but the quote library could not retrieve the data.

SGX_QL_ERROR_UNEXPECTED:

An unexpected internal error occurred.

4.1.3. Get Quote Verification Supplemental Size

Description

If the owner of the quote verification needs to provide a different quote verification policy beyond the policy enforced by the `sgx_qv_verify_quote()` API, the caller can request the `sgx_qv_verify_quote()` API to return supplemental data. This supplemental data can be used to implement that alternate policy.

For example, if the owner of the quote verification does not have access to a trusted time source to reliably enforce the expiration date check, they can use the supplemental data to check that the verification collateral's 'tcbEvalDataSetNumber' or 'crINum' against some reference value to ensure old collateral is not used in the `sgx_qv_verify_quote()` API.

Or, for example, if the platform owner that generates the quote hasn't patched all platforms before the TCB Recovery Event date, a verifier using the latest verification collateral (TCBInfo, QEIdentity and QVEIdentity) will get an out-of-date status returned from `sgx_qv_verify_quote()`. If the quote verifier wants to provide a longer grace period, they can use the supplemental data to make sure that the platform is not vulnerable to a specific threat published by Intel in the past. The supplemental data will provide a date associated with the platform's out-of-date TCB. This date can be compared to the public notification date of a particular Intel Security Advisory (SA). If the supplemental TCB date is greater-than-or-equal-to the SA's public notification date, then that platform has been patched for that SA and all SA's published before it.

The supplemental data input parameter provided to the `sgx_qv_verify_quote()` API is optional. If the caller of `sgx_qv_verify_quote()` wants to implement an alternative verification policy, they must call this API first to get the proper size of the alternative data, allocate the buffer and pass it in to `sgx_qv_verify_quote()`. If they do not need an alternative verification policy, they do not need to call this API.

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_qv_get_quote_supplemental_data_size(
    uint32_t *p_data_size)
```

Parameters

`p_data_size`[Out]:

Pointer to hold the size of the buffer in bytes required to contain all of the supplemental data.

This value is passed in to the `sgx_qv_verify_quote()` API. The caller is responsible for allocating a buffer large enough to contain the quote.

Return Values

`SGX_QL_SUCCESS`:

Successfully calculated the required supplemental data size. The required size in bytes is returned in the memory pointed to by `p_data_size`.

`SGX_QL_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER`:

Invalid parameter. `p_data_size` must not be NULL.

`SGX_QL_ERROR_UNEXPECTED`:

Unexpected internal error.

4.1.4. Verify Quote with Supplemental Data

Description

This is an example API that will implement an alternative verification policy when the `sgx_qv_verify_quote()` return `SGX_QL_SUCCESS` and `*p_quote_verification_result` contains a non-terminal verification result. ***There are currently no plans to implement this in the DCAP library.***

If the quote verifier (CSP or relying party) needs to implement a different verification policy than the one provided in the `sgx_qv_verify_quote()`, they can implement an API similar to this one. This API is a simple example but the implementer may consider inputting the QVE report to verify the QVE inputs

and results. It may also consider returning a REPORT of its own so that the caller can verify that an enclave owned by the alternate verifier generated the alternative verification result.

- A quote verifier that only needs to know if a platform is vulnerable to a targeted SA, check:
 1. Find the targeted SA at <https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/security-center/default.html> and record the 'Original Release' date.
 2. Platform is not vulnerable to targeted SA if the platform's TCB evaluation has a 'tcbDate' greater-than-or-equal to date recorded in step 1.
- A quote verifier that only needs to know if the collateral used is newer than some date even if the collateral is expired.
 1. On a TCB Recovery Event, retrieve the new TCInfo and QEIdentity and record the 'tcbEvalDataSetNumber'. (The tcbEvalDataSetNumber of latest TCInfo and QEIdentity will always be in sync)
 2. When a PCK Cert CRL is updated, retrieve the new CRL and record the 'CRLNum'.
 3. Determining freshness:
 - i. Compare the supplemental 'tcb_eval_dataset_num' to the recorded 'tcbEvalDataSetNumber' from the TCInfo/QEIdentity from step 1. If 'tcb_eval_dataset_num' is greater-than-or-equal-to the 'tcbEvalDataSetNumber', then the TCInfo and QEIdentity are 'fresh'
 - ii. Compare the supplemental 'pck_crl_num' to the recorded CRLNum from step 2, if 'pck_crl_num' is greater-than-or-equal-to the CRLNum, then the PCK CRL is 'fresh'

Syntax

```
quote3_error_t sgx_qv_verify_quote_supplemental(  
    const uint8_t *p_supplemental_data,  
    uint32_t supplemental_data_size,  
    const time_t *p_freshness_date,  
    const time_t *p_vulnerability_date);
```

Parameters

p_supplemental_data [In]

Pointer to the supplemental data returned by the passed in by the sgx_qv_verify_quote() API. Must not be NULL. If the sgx_qv_verify_quote() API returned a terminal verification result, the data returned in p_supplemental_data will be invalid.

supplemental_data_size [In]

Number of bytes in the buffer pointed to by p_supplemental_data.

freshness_date [In]

Optional parameter. If NULL, vulnerability_date must not be NULL. If not NULL, all collateral used in the sgx_qv_verify_quote() must have an issue date later than or equal to the freshness date. If any of the collaterals' issue dates precedes the freshness date, this API will return SGX_QL_COLLATERAL_NOT_FRESH.

vulnerability_date [In]

Optional parameter. If NULL, freshness_date must not be NULL. If not NULL, the platform must not be vulnerable to any SGX SA published before the vulnerability_date. If the platform is vulnerable to an SGX SA published before this date, then this API will return SGX_QL_PLATFORM_TCB_PREDATES_VULNERABILITY_DATE

Return Values

SGX_QL_SUCCESS:

The quote supplemental date checks pass. All collateral have issue dates later than or equal the inputted freshness date and

SGX_QL_SUPP_DATA_FORMAT_UNSUPPORTED:

The quote supplemental date checks pass.

SGX_QL_SUPP_DATA_INVALID:

The quote supplemental date checks pass.

SGX_QL_INVALID_PARAMETER:

Invalid parameter. p_supplemental_data is NULL, supplemental_data_size is incorrect, or both freshness_data and vulnerability_date are NULL.

SGX_QL_COLLATERAL_NOT_FRESH:

At least one of the collaterals' issue date precedes the freshness date.

SGX_QL_PLATFORM_TCB_PREDATES_VULNERABILITY_DATE

The platform is vulnerable to an SGX SA published before the vulnerability date.

4.2. Enclave Identity Checking

The Verify Quote API will verify that the application's enclave REPORT was generated by an SGX enclave running with SGX protections but it does not identify whose enclave it is. The verifier calling the Verify Quote API is responsible for checking the identity of the application enclave's report.

There are a number of fields in the REPORT as defined in the [Enclave Report Body](#). The verifier will use the various fields in the REPORT to ensure its enclave generated that REPORT according to an identity policy.

The verifier must choose an enclave identity policy.

- Verify Enclave Identity
 - Strict Enclave Modification Policy
 - The MRENCLAVE is the hash over the enclave pages loaded into the SGX protected memory. Whenever the contents of the signed enclave have changed, its MRENCLAVE will change. If the MRENCLAVE is used to identify an enclave, the verifier must be updated whenever a new modified version of the enclave is released.
 - Security Enclave Modification Policy
 - The identity of the enclave can also be established by verifying the MRSIGNER and the ProdID. The MRSIGNER is the hash of the public portion of the key used to sign the enclave. The ProdID is used to distinguish different enclaves signed with the same key. Using the MRSIGNER+ProdID as the enclave

identity, the verifier enclave identity policy doesn't need to be updated each time the enclave is modified.

- Verify Attributes
 - Decide which enclave attributes are important and verify they are set properly.
 - ***Production enclaves should not have the REPORT.Attribute.Debug flag set to 1.***
When the Debug flag is set, a debugger can read the enclave's memory and should not be provisioned with production secrets.
- Verify SSA Frame extended feature set
- Verify the ISV_SVN level of the enclave
 - Whenever there is a security update to an enclave, the ISV_SVN value should be increased to reflect the higher security level. When verifying an enclave's REPORT, the verifier should check that the ISV_SVN in the REPORT has a minimum trusted value.
- Verify that the ReportData contains the expected value.
 - This can be used to provide specific data from the enclave or it can be used to hold a hash of a larger block of data which is provided with the quote. The verification of the quote signature confirms the integrity of the report data (and the rest of the REPORT body).
Additional data which is provided with a report could be:
 - Nonce - provided to the enclave and then inserted tied to the REPORT to prevent a replay of a previously used Quote.
 - Public Key - corresponding to a Private key which has been generated within the enclave.

A. Data Structures

A.1. Quote Library Data Structures

```
typedef enum {
    SGX_QL_PERSISTENT, ///< AES are initialized on first use and reused until process
                        ends.
    SGX_QL_EPHEMERAL, ///< AES are initialized and terminated on every quote.
                        ///< If a previous QE exists, it is stopped & restarted before
                        quoting.
    SGX_QL_DEFAULT = SGX_QL_PERSISTENT
} sgx_ql_request_policy_t;
```

```
/** Identifies the type of certification data used in the Quote */
typedef struct _sgx_ql_certification_data_t {
    uint16_t cert_key_type; ///< The type of certification key used to sign the QE3
                            Report and Att key hash (ECDSA_ID+Authentication
                            Data).
    uint32_t size;          ///< Size of the data structure for the cert_key_type
                            information.
    uint8_t certification_data[]; ///< Certification data associated with the
    cert_key_type
} sgx_ql_certification_data_t;
```

```
/** Enumerates the different certification data types used to describe the signer of
the attestation key */
typedef enum {
    PPID_CLEARTEXT = 1,          ///< Clear PPID + CPU_SVN, PVE_SVN, PCE_SVN, PCE_ID
    PPID_RSA2048_ENCRYPTED = 2,  ///< RSA-2048-OAEP Encrypted PPID + CPU_SVN, PVE_SVN,
                                PCE_SVN, PCE_ID
    PPID_RSA3072_ENCRYPTED = 3,  ///< RSA-3072-OAEP Encrypted PPID + CPU_SVN, PVE_SVN,
                                PCE_SVN, PCE_ID
    PCK_CLEARTEXT = 4,          ///< Clear PCK Leaf Cert
    PCK_CERT_CHAIN = 5,        ///< Full PCK Cert chain
                                (trustedRootCaCert||intermediateCa||pckCert)
    ECDSA_SIG_AUX_DATA = 6,     ///< Indicates the contents of the
                                CERTIFICATION_INFO_DATA contains the
                                ECDSA_SIG_AUX_DATA of another Quote.
} sgx_ql_cert_key_type_t;
```

A.2. Core Generic Quote Wrapper Structures

```
/** Enumerates the different attestation key algorithms */
typedef enum {
    SGX_ALG_EPID = 0,          ///< EPID 2.0 - Anonymous
    SGX_ALG_RESERVED_1 = 1,   ///< Reserved
    SGX_ALG_ECDSA_P256 = 2,   ///< ECDSA-256-with-P-256 curve, Non - Anonymous
    SGX_ALG_ECDSA_P384 = 3,   ///< ECDSA-384-with-P-384 curve, Non-Anonymous
    SGX_ALG_MAX = 4
} sgx_ql_attestation_algorithm_id_t;

/** Describes the header that contains the list of attestation keys supported by a
given verifier */
typedef struct _sgx_ql_att_key_id_list_header_t {
    uint16_t id;              ///< Structure ID
    uint16_t version;        ///< Structure version
    uint32_t num_att_ids;    ///< Number of 'Attestation Key Identifier' Elements
} sgx_ql_key_id_list_header_t;
```

```

/** Describes a single attestation key. Contains both QE identity and the attestation
algorithm ID. */
typedef struct _sgx_q1_att_key_id_t {
    uint16_t    id;                ///< Structure ID
    uint16_t    version;           ///< Structure version
    uint16_t    mrsigner_length;   ///< Number of valid bytes in
                                   MRSIGNER.
    uint8_t     mrsigner[48];      ///< SHA256 or SHA384 hash of the
                                   Public key that signed the QE.
                                   ///< The lower bytes contain
                                   MRSIGNER. Bytes beyond
                                   mrsigner_length '0'
    uint32_t    prod_id;           ///< Legacy Product ID of the QE
    uint8_t     extended_prod_id[16]; ///< Extended Product ID of the QE.
                                   All 0s for legacy format
                                   enclaves.
    uint8_t     config_id[64];     ///< Config ID of the QE.
    uint8_t     family_id[16];    ///< Family ID of the QE.
    sgx_q1_attestation_algorithm_id_t algorithm_id; ///< Identity of the attestation
                                   key algorithm.
}sgx_q1_att_key_id_t;

/** The full data structure passed to the platform by the verifier. It will list all
of the attestation algorithms and QE's supported by the verifier */
typedef struct _sgx_q1_att_key_id_list_t {
    sgx_q1_att_key_id_list_header_t header;    ///< Header for the attestation key
                                                ID list provided by the quote
                                                verifier.
    sgx_q1_att_key_id_t             id_list[]; ///< Place holder for the
                                                attestation ID list.
}sgx_q1_att_key_id_list_t;

typedef struct _sgx_q1_qe_report_info_t {
    sgx_quote_nonce_t    nonce;                ///<
    sgx_target_info_t    app_enclave_target_info;
    sgx_report_t         qe_report;
}sgx_q1_qe_report_info_t;

```

A.3. Intel® SGX DCAP Quote Wrapper Structures

```

/** Used to describe the PCK Cert for a platform */
typedef struct _sgx_q1_pck_cert_id_t
{
    uint8_t *p_qe3_id;                ///< The QE_ID used to identify the platform
                                       for PCK Cert Retrieval
    uint32_t qe_id_size;
    sgx_cpu_svn_t *platform_cpu_svn;  ///< The Size of the QE_ID (currently 16
                                       bytes)
    sgx_cpu_svn_t *platform_pce_isv_svn; ///< Pointer to the platform raw CPUSVN
    uint8_t *p_encrypted_ppid;        ///< Pointer to the encrypted PPID (Optional)
    uint32_t encrypted_ppid_size;     ///< Size of encrypted PPID.
    uint8_t crypto_suite;             ///< Crypto algorithm used to encrypt the
                                       PPID (currently only
                                       PCE_ALG_RSA_OAEP_3072 = 1 supported)
    uint16_t pce_id;                  ///< Identifies the PCE-Version used to
                                       generate the encrypted PPID.
}sgx_q1_pck_cert_id_t;

/** Contains valid versions of the sgx_q1_config_t data structure. */
typedef enum _sgx_q1_config_version_t
{
    SGX_Q1_CONFIG_VERSION_1 = 1,
}sgx_q1_config_version_t;

```

```

/** Contains the certification data used by the quoting library to certify the
attestation key and the certification data required to generate the final quote. */
typedef struct _sgx_q1_config_t
{
    sgx_q1_config_version_t version;
    sgx_cpu_svn_t cert_cpu_svn;          ///< The CPUSVN used to generate the PCK
                                        ///< Signature that certifies the attestation
                                        ///< key.
    sgx_isv_svn_t cert_pce_isv_svn;     ///< The PCE ISVSVN used to generate the PCK
                                        ///< Signature that certifies the attestation
                                        ///< key.
    uint32_t p_cert_data_size;          ///< The size of the buffer that
                                        ///< p_cert_data points to
    uint8_t *p_cert_data;               ///< The certification data used for the quote.
                                        ///< todo: It is the assumed to be the
                                        ///< PCK Cert Chain. May want to change
                                        ///< this to specify the certification
                                        ///< type too.
}sgx_q1_config_t;

/** Contains the possible values of the quote verification result. */
typedef enum _sgx_q1_qv_result_t
{
    SGX_Q1_QV_RESULT_OK = 0,            ///< The Quote verification passed and
                                        ///< is at the latest TCB level
    SGX_Q1_QV_RESULT_CONFIG_NEEDED,     ///< The Quote verification passed and
                                        ///< the platform is patched to the
                                        ///< latest TCB level but additional
                                        ///< configuration of the SGX platform
                                        ///< may be needed.
    SGX_Q1_QV_RESULT_OUT_OF_DATE,       ///< The Quote is good but the TCB
                                        ///< level of the platform is out of
                                        ///< date.
                                        ///< The platform needs patching to be
                                        ///< at the latest TCB level.
    SGX_Q1_QV_RESULT_OUT_OF_DATE_CONFIG_NEEDED, ///< The Quote is good but the TCB
                                        ///< level of the platform is out of
                                        ///< date and additional configuration
                                        ///< of the SGX Platform at its
                                        ///< current patching level may be
                                        ///< needed. The platform needs
                                        ///< patching to be at the latest TCB
                                        ///< level.
    SGX_Q1_QV_RESULT_INVALID_SIGNATURE, ///< The signature over the
                                        ///< application
                                        ///< report is invalid.
    SGX_Q1_QV_RESULT_REVOKED,           ///< The attestation key or platform
                                        ///< has been revoked.
    SGX_Q1_QV_RESULT_UNSPECIFIED,       ///< The Quote verification failed due
                                        ///< to an error in processing the
                                        ///< Quote.
} sgx_q1_qv_result_t;

/** This is the data provided to the quote verifier by the verifying platform
software. They are NULL terminated strings. This data will need to be marshalled into
the QVE as byte buffers. */
typedef struct _sgx_q1_qv_collateral_t
{
    uint32_t version;                   ///< version = 1. PCK Cert chain is in
                                        ///< the Quote thus there is no need to
                                        ///< provide it in the collateral.
    char *pck_cr1_issuer_chain;         ///< concatenated PEM format - the order
                                        ///< as it is returned from PCS (root ca +
                                        ///< signing cert)
    uint32_t pck_cr1_issuer_chain_size; ///< Size in bytes of the
                                        ///< pck_cr1_issuer_chain string. Size
                                        ///< includes the terminating NULL
                                        ///< character.

    char *root_ca_cr1;                  ///< CRL for certs signed by root cert
}

```

*Intel® Software Guard Extensions (Intel® SGX) Data Center Attestation Primitives:
ECDSA Quote Library API*

```

uint32_t root_ca_crl_size;          ///< Size in bytes of the
char *pck_crl;                     ///< root_ca_crl string. Size includes
uint32_t pck_crl_size;             ///< the terminating NULL
char *tcb_info_issuer_chain;       ///< CRL for PCK leaf certs.
uint32_t tcb_info_issuer_chain_size; ///< Size in bytes of the
char *tcb_info;                    ///< pck_crl string. Size includes the
uint32_t tcb_info_size;            ///< terminating NULL
char *qe_identity_issuer_chain;    ///< concatenated PEM format - the order
uint32_t qe_identity_issuer_chain_size; ///< as it is returned from PCS (root ca +
char *qe_identity;                 ///< signing cert)
uint32_t qe_identity_size;         ///< Size in bytes of the
char *qe_identity_issuer_chain;    ///< tcb_info_issuer_chain string. Size
uint32_t qe_identity_size;         ///< includes the terminating NULL
char *qe_identity;                 ///< TCB Info structure
uint32_t qe_identity_size;         ///< Size in bytes of the
char *qe_identity;                 ///< tcb_info string. Size includes the
uint32_t qe_identity_size;         ///< terminating NULL
char *qe_identity_issuer_chain;    ///< concatenated PEM format - the order
uint32_t qe_identity_size;         ///< as it is returned from PCS (root ca +
char *qe_identity;                 ///< signing cert)
uint32_t qe_identity_size;         ///< Size in bytes of the
char *qe_identity;                 ///< qe_identity_issuer_chain string. Size
uint32_t qe_identity_size;         ///< includes the terminating NULL
char *qe_identity;                 ///< QE Identity Structure
uint32_t qe_identity_size;         ///< Size in bytes of the
char *qe_identity;                 ///< qe_identity string. Size includes the
uint32_t qe_identity_size;         ///< terminating NULL
} sgx_q1_qv_collateral_t;

/** Contains data that will allow an alternative quote verification policy. */
typedef struct _sgx_q1_qv_supplemental_t
{
    uint32_t version;                ///< version = 1.
    time_t earliest_issue_date;      ///< Earliest issue date of all the
    time_t tcb_level_date_tag;       ///< collateral (UTC)
    uint32_t pck_crl_num;            ///< The SGX TCB of the platform that
    uint32_t root_ca_crl_num;        ///< generated the quote is not vulnerable
    uint32_t tcb_eval_dataset_num;   ///< to any Security Advisory with an SGX
    uint8_t root_key_id[48];         ///< TCB impact released on or before this
    sgx_key_128bit_t pck_ppid;       ///< date.
    sgx_cpu_svn_t tcb_cpusvn;        ///< See Intel Security Center Advisories.
    sgx_isv_svn_t tcb_pce_isvsvn;    ///< CRL Num from PCK Cert CRL
    uint16_t pce_id;                 ///< CRL Num from Root CA CRL
} sgx_q1_qv_supplemental_t;
This data needs to be hashed in QE.Report.ReportData.

```

A.4. Quote Format

The new quote structure to support ECDSA will have a version number of 3. The existing Intel® Enhanced Privacy ID (EPID) Quote structure with a version number of 2 will still exist. The version 3 quote does not specifically support EPID but was designed so that the header is compatible based on size and the first 5 fields of the header.

Endianness: *Little Endian (applies to all integer fields).*

Name	Size (bytes)	Type	Description
Quote Header	48	Quote Header	Header of <i>Quote</i> data structure. This field is transparent (the user knows its internal structure). Rest of the <i>Quote</i> data structure can be treated as opaque (hidden from the user).
ISV Enclave Report	384	Enclave Report Body	Report of the attested <i>ISV Enclave</i> . The CPUSVN and ISVSVN is the TCB when the quote is generated. The REPORT.ReportData is defined by the ISV but should provide quote replay protection if required.
Quote Signature Data Len	4	uint32_t	Size of the Quote Signature Data structure
Quote Signature Data	Variable	Signature Dependent	Variable-length data containing the signature and supporting data. E.g. ECDSA 256-bit Quote Signature Data Structure

Table 2: High-Level Quote Structure

Name	Size (bytes)	Type	Description
Version	2	Integer	Version of the <i>Quote</i> data structure. • <i>Value:</i> 3
Attestation Key Type	2	Integer	Type of the <i>Attestation Key</i> used by the <i>Quoting Enclave</i> . • <i>Supported values:</i> - 2 (ECDSA-256-with-P-256 curve) - 3 (ECDSA-384-with-P-384 curve) (<i>Note: currently not supported</i>) (<i>Note: 0 and 1 are reserved, EPID is moved to version 3 quotes.</i>)
Reserved	4	Byte Array	Reserved field. • <i>Value:</i> 0
QE SVN	2	Integer	Security Version of the Quoting Enclave currently loaded on the platform.
PCE SVN	2	Integer	Security Version of the Provisioning

			Certification Enclave currently loaded on the platform.
QE Vendor ID	16	UUID	<p>Unique identifier of the QE Vendor.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value: 939A7233F79C4CA9940A0DB3957F0607 (Intel® SGX QE Vendor) <p>Note: Each vendor that decides to provide a customized Quote data structure should have unique ID.</p>
User Data	20	Byte Array	Custom user-defined data. For the Intel® SGX DCAP library, the first 16 bytes contain a QE identifier that is used to link a PCK Cert to an Enc(PPID). This identifier is consistent for every quote generated with this QE on this platform.

Table 3: Quote Header

Name	Size (bytes)	Type	Description
ISV Enclave Report Signature	64	ECDSA P-256 Signature	ECDSA signature over the <i>Header</i> and the <i>Enclave Report</i> calculated using <i>ECDSA Attestation Key</i> .
ECDSA Attestation Key	64	ECDSA P-256 Public Key	Public part of the <i>ECDSA Attestation Key</i> generated by the <i>Quoting Enclave</i> .
QE Report	384	Enclave Report Body	<p>Report of the <i>Quoting Enclave</i> that generated the <i>ECDSA Attestation Key</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report Data: SHA256(<i>ECDSA Attestation Key</i> <i>QE Authentication Data</i>) 32-0x00's <p>Note: The QE Report is a report when the QE Report is certified. The CPUSVN and ISVSVN in this report may be older than the currently loaded QE.</p>
QE Report Signature	64	ECDSA P-256 Signature	ECDSA signature over the <i>QE Report</i> calculated using the <i>Provisioning Certification Key</i> .
QE Authentication Data	Variable	QE Authentication Data	Variable-length data chosen by the <i>Quoting Enclave</i> and signed by the <i>Provisioning Certification Key</i> (as a part of the <i>Report Data</i> in the <i>QE Report</i>). It can be used by the <i>QE</i> to add additional context to the <i>ECDSA Attestation Key</i> utilized by the <i>QE</i> . For example, this may indicate the

			customer, geography, network, or anything pertinent to the identity of the Quoting Enclave. Size should be set to 0 if there is no additional data.
QE Certification Data	Variable	QE Certification Data	Data required to verify the QE Report Signature.

Table 4: ECDSA 256-bit Quote Signature Data Structure

Name	Size (bytes)	Type	Description
CPU SVN	16	Byte Array	Security Version of CPU (raw value).
MISCSELECT	4	Integer	SSA Frame extended feature set. Reports what SECS.MISCSELECT settings are used in the enclave. You can limit the allowed MISCSELECT settings in the sigstruct using MISCSELECT/MISCMASK.
Reserved	28	Byte Array	Reserved field.
Attributes	16	Byte Array	Set of flags describing attributes of the enclave. SECS.ATTRIBUTES used in the enclave. The ISV can limit what SECS.ATTRIBUTES can be used when loading the enclave through parameters to the SGX Signtool. The Signtool will produce a SIGSTRUCT with ATTRIBUTES and ATTRIBUTESMASK which determine allowed ATTRIBUTES - For each SIGSTRUCT.ATTRIBUTESMASK bit that is set, then corresponding bit in the SECS.ATTRIBUTES must match the same bit in SIGSTRUCT.ATTRIBUTES.
MRENCLAVE	32	Byte Array	Hash of enclave measurement.
Reserved	32	Byte Array	Reserved field.
MRSIGNER	32	Byte Array	Hash of enclave signing key.
Reserved	96	Byte Array	Reserved field.
ISV ProdID	2	Integer	Enclave Product ID. The ISV should configure a unique ISVProdID for each product which may want to share sealed data between enclaves signed with a specific MRSIGNER. The ISV

			may want to supply different data to identical enclaves signed for different products.
ISV SVN	2	Integer	Security Version of the enclave.
Reserved	60	Byte Array	Reserved field.
Report Data	64	Byte Array	Additional report data. The enclave is free to provide 64 bytes of custom data to the REPORT. This can be used to provide specific data from the enclave or it can be used to hold a hash of a larger block of data which is provided with the quote. The verification of the quote signature confirms the integrity of the report data (and the rest of the REPORT body).

Table 5: Enclave Report Body

Name	Size (bytes)	Type	Description
Signature	64	Byte Array	ECDSA signature, the r component followed by the s component, 2 x 32 bytes.

Table 6: ECDSA P-256 Signature

Name	Size (bytes)	Type	Description
Public Key	64	Byte Array	EC KT-I Public Key, the x-coordinate followed by the y-coordinate (on the RFC 6090 P-256 curve), 2 x 32 bytes.

Table 7: ECDSA P-256 Public Key

Name	Size (bytes)	Type	Description
Size	2	Integer	Size of the 'Data' array. 0 is a valid value.
Data	Variable	Byte Array	Data that to be additionally 'signed' by the certification key.

Table 8: QE Authentication Data

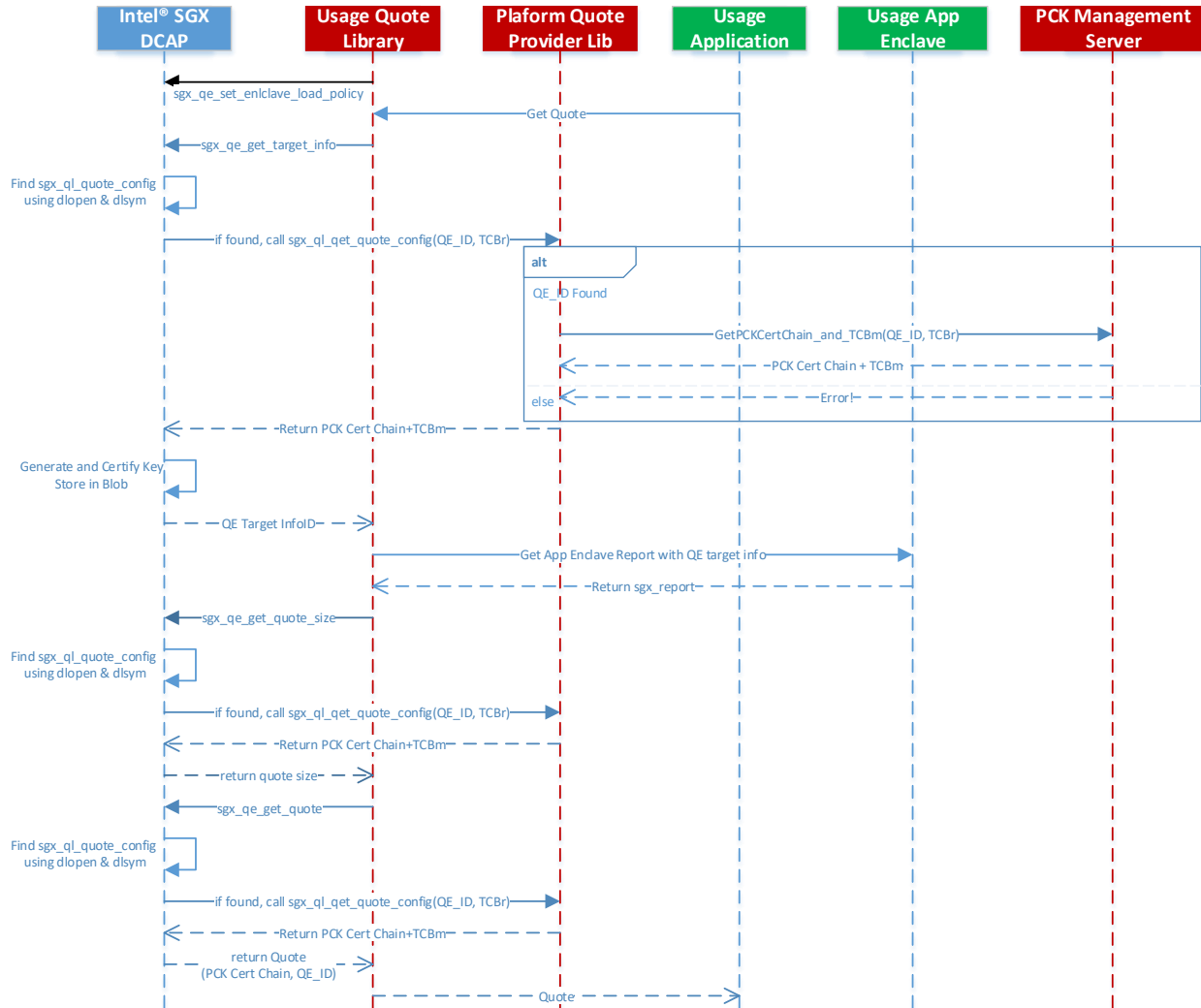
Name	Size (bytes)	Type	Description
Certification Data Type	2	Integer	Determines type of data required to verify the QE Report Signature in the Quote Signature Data structure. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supported values:

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1 (PCK identifier: PPID in plain text, CPUSVN and PCESVN) - 2 (PCK identifier: PPID encrypted using RSA-2048-OAEP, CPUSVN and PCESVN) - 3 (PCK identifier: PPID encrypted using RSA-3072-OAEP, CPUSVN and PCESVN) - 4 (PCK Leaf Certificate in plain text, currently not supported) - 5 Concatenated PCK Cert Chain - 7 (PLATFORM_MANIFEST, currently not supported)
Size	4	Integer	Size of Certification Data field.
Certification Data	Variable	Byte Array	<p>Data required to verify the QE Report Signature depending on the value of the <i>Certification Data Type</i>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1: Byte array that contains concatenation of PPID, CPUSVN, PCESVN (LE), PCEID (LE). - 2: Byte array that contains concatenation of PPID encrypted using RSA-2048-OAEP, CPUSVN, PCESVN (LE), PCEID (LE). - 3: Byte array that contains concatenation of PPID encrypted using RSA-3072-OAEP, CPUSVN, PCESVN (LE), PCEID (LE). - 4: PCK Leaf Certificate - 5: Concatenated PCK Cert Chain (PEM formatted). PCK Leaf Cert Intermediate CA Cert Root CA Cert - 6: Intel® SGX Quote (currently not supported) - 7: PLATFORM_MANIFEST (currently not supported)

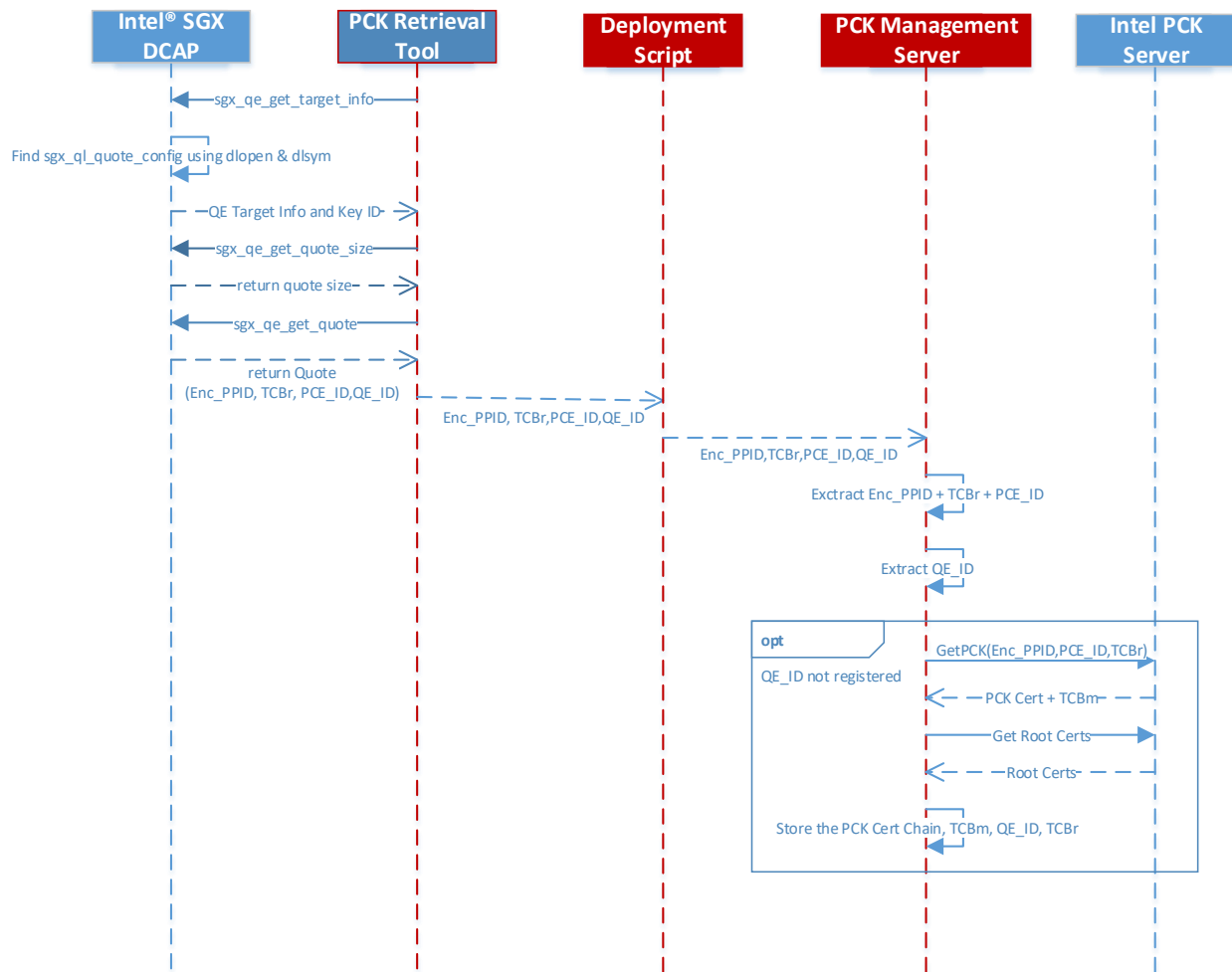
Table 9: QE Certification Data

B. Sample Sequence Diagrams

B.1. Sample Quote Generation Sequence Diagram for the Intel® SGX DCAP APIs

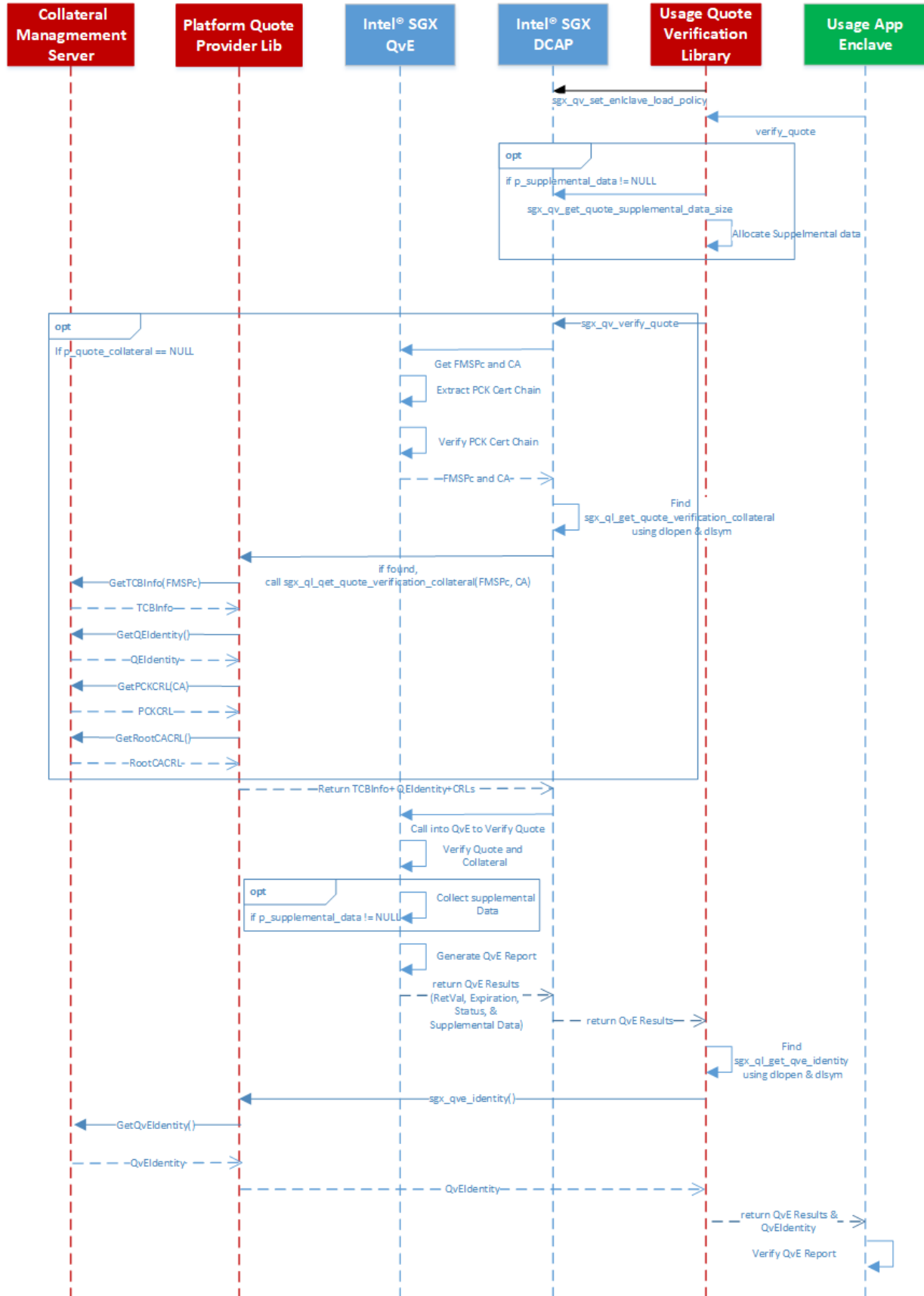


B.2. Deployment Phase PCK Retrieval Sequence Diagram



B.3. QvE Based Quote Verification Sequence Diagram

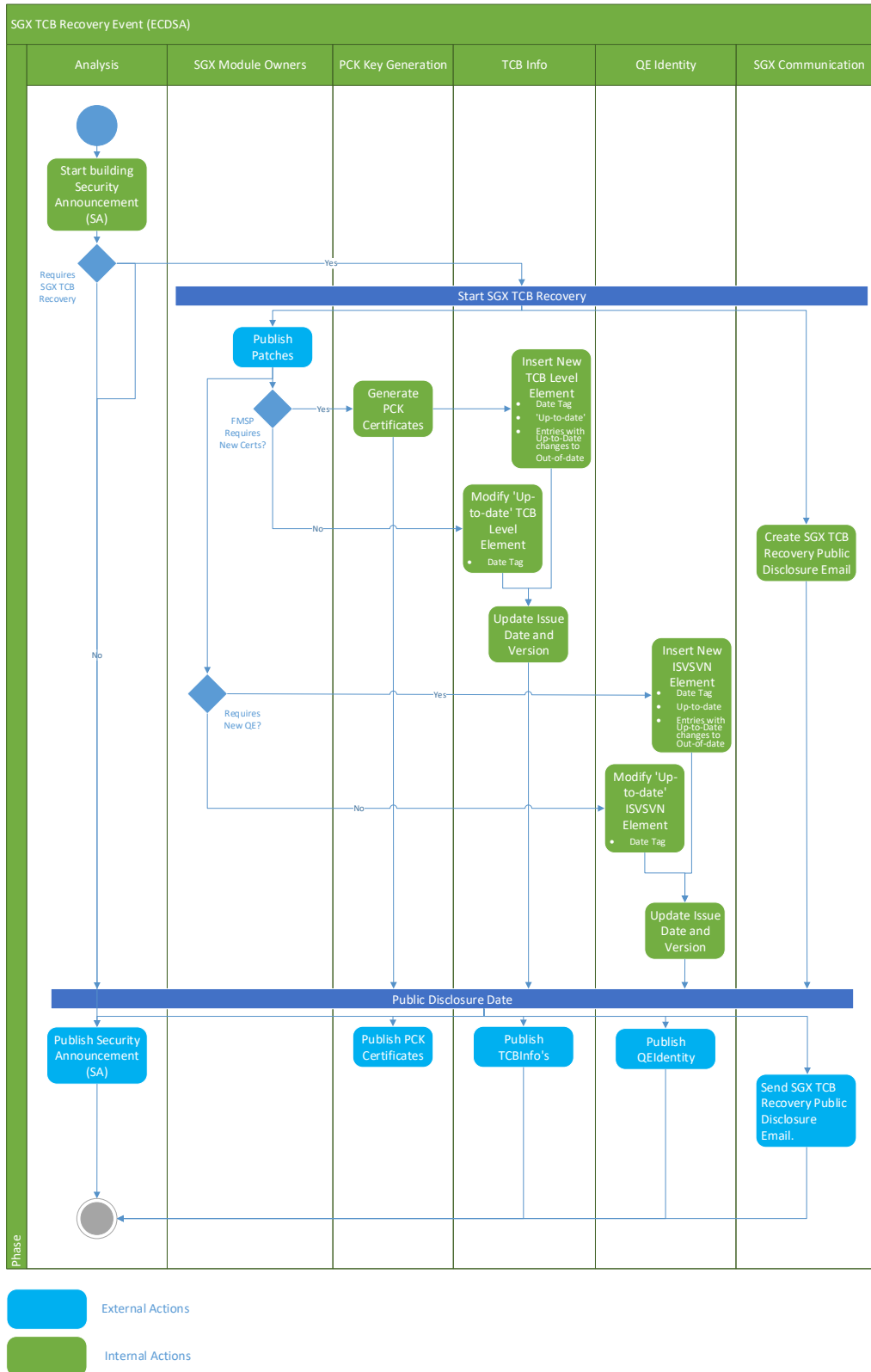




Intel® Software Guard Extensions (Intel® SGX) Data Center Attestation Primitives: ECDSA Quote Library API



B.4 TCB Recovery Intel Activity Diagram – Quote Verification Collateral



Intel® Software Guard Extensions (Intel® SGX) Data Center Attestation Primitives:
ECDSA Quote Library API

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